## Landice CAL/VAL



# Area of ground based and airborne Cal/Val measurements using ASIRAS



05 November 2003

**GOCE CryoSat Workshop** 

most

### **ASIRAS** Implementation





#### **ASIRAS Radar Altimeter Characteristics**

Bandwidth up to 1 GHz 5 usec pulse mode for low altitude flights 2 RX-channels for interferometry Tracking by means of spectral Echo Observer Internal control by 2(3) micro computers Flat array antennas, 2x 256 patches 12 Bit AD-conversion 37.4 MSamples/sec in 2x I/Q channels Data storage on dedicated PCs (RAID arrays) Laptop control PC



### **ASIRAS** Radar Altimeter Instrumentation





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Flat array antennas, 2x 256 patches



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## Summary description of system





#### 1 + 2 GPS Antennen für Trimble

7 Radar Altimeter

8 INS

9 GNS-X

10 Power Distribution Module

11 Data Distribution Module

12 Rack I

13 Rack II

**15 Basis Meteorology Sensors** 

16 BMET I/O Module

17 Fiber Optic

18 Riegl Laser Scanner LMSQ280

19 Riegl LD90 Laser Altimeter

20 Sony Video Camera

21 RST - ASIRAS Antenna

22 Antenna Cable Slot





## **DGPS and INS Navigation**



2 Trimble GPS on board with	up to 5 base stations		
L1/L2 code, phase, doppler of	observations		
data:	latitude, longitude, ellipsoidal height		
data rate:	1 Hz		
online data:	1 Hz		
typical errors for the height se	olution:		
static solutions	± 25 mm		
kinematic solution:	± 50 mm		
accuracy depending from ha	selines		



AWI C AR Sensorsysteme AG



### Honeywell LaserNAV INS and Wulfsberg GNS-X

high speed ARINC 429 data interface logged to NAVP Sensor Processor

Primary Data:	Rate	Res.
yaw rate, pitch rate, roll rate	50 Hz	0.0054 °
true heading, pitch, roll	50 Hz	0.0039 °/s
x-, y-, z-, acceleration	50 Hz	0.0001 G

Secondary Data:

66 labels configurable like:

ground speed, track, wind direction, magnetic variation, true airspeed ...

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### Laser-Scanner LMS-Q280



### **Specifications:**

measurement range: measurement resolution: data channels: measurement rate beam divergence scanning range scanning rate 30 m up to 1280 m 20 mm with typ. ± 25 mm acc. range, amplitude, true color PRR=18.5 kHz, data=9250 Hz 0.5 mrad nominal 45° up to 60° 4 Hz to 80 Hz

**First Data:** 

#### System integration:

electrics: <100 Watts @ 28 VDC

- data: serial communication and parallel data interface (ECP) MEDUSA via LS sensor processor
- timesync.: 1 PPS sync. input sensor processor





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### Nadir Video Camera



**ASTRIUM** 

### **Specifications**

3 CCD: focal length: frame rate: overlap:

approx. 450 000 pixel \_ 6 – 72 mm 25 FPS 30 % @ 3 FPS rate



First results: over flight of runway @ ~ 1800 m altitude



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## Site location and campaign planning





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Instrument performance	<ul> <li>Stability of ASIRAS (daily repeated CAL</li> <li>Roll Experiments</li> </ul>	experiments)
	Long runs over open ocean	
Test of validation concept	Sea ice drift removal experiment	ector
Surface type related performance	<ul> <li>Dry inland ice at min/max flight altitude</li> <li>Sea ice north of Greenland</li> <li>Effect of penetration into dry ice</li> <li>Decorrelation of interferometric looks</li> <li>Angular dependence of reflectivity</li> <li>Identification of ice surface types</li> <li>Influence of humidity</li> </ul>	
Previous Campaigns	Acquisition of comparable data sets	
	Optimization of data processing	

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ASIRAS in Antarctica: hopefully soon ...



# Thank you

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